IDAHO 2022 Summer Chinook Salmon Seasons & Rules

South Fork Salmon River Upper Salmon River Lochsa River



Salmon in this brochure refer to anadromous (ocean run) Chinook Salmon of the species Oncorhynchus tshawytscha.



Illustration by Joe Tomelleri

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Citizens Against Poaching 1-800-632-5999

Seasons

The following waters are open to fishing for Chinook Salmon during the periods listed. Waters not specifically designated below shall remain CLOSED to fishing for Chinook Salmon unless opened by Commission action.

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Open June 18, 2022 – 7 days per week until further notice:

South Fork Salmon River: From the posted boundary at Jakie Creek bridge upstream to the posted boundary about 100 yards below the South Fork Salmon River fish weir and trap.

Upper Salmon River: From the posted boundary just upstream of the mouth of the North Fork Salmon River upstream to the posted boundary approximately 100 yards downstream of the weir and trap at Sawtooth Fish Hatchery south of Stanley.

Lochsa River: From Lowell Bridge upstream to Twin Bridges immediately upstream from the confluence of Crooked Fork and Colt Killed creeks.

Closing Dates

Areas will be closed by Closure Order signed by the Director of the Idaho Department of Fish and Game or at the end of fishing hours on August 7, 2022, whichever comes first.

Fishing Hours

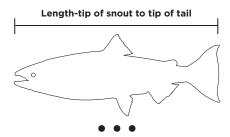
South Fork Salmon River and Upper Salmon River: Fishing is permitted from 5:30 AM to 10:00 PM Mountain Daylight Time.

Lochsa River: Fishing is permitted from 4:30 AM to 9:00 PM Pacific Daylight Time.

Daily, Possession, and Season Limits

NOTE: Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG) may implement in-season changes to seasons or limits. For updated seasons and limits information consult a license vendor, an IDFG office, or the IDFG website: (https://idfg.idaho.gov/fish/chinook/rules)

Adult Chinook Salmon are 24 or more inches in length. **Jack Chinook Salmon** are less than 24 inches in length.



South Fork Salmon River and Upper Salmon River:

- Daily Bag Limit: four (4) adipose fin clipped salmon per day, only two (2) may be adults.
- Possession Limit: twelve (12) adipose fin clipped salmon of which no more than six (6) may be adults.

Lochsa River:

- **Daily Bag Limit:** four (4) salmon per day, only two (2) may be adults.
- **Possession Limit:** twelve (12) salmon of which no more than six (6) may be adults.
- Adults and jacks with or without an adipose fin may be kept in the Lochsa River.

Season Limit (all waters): No person may take more than twenty (20) adult Chinook Salmon statewide during 2022 salmon seasons occurring prior to August 7, 2022.

"Possession limit" shall apply to salmon while in the field or being transported to the final place of consumption or storage.

Anglers may not fish for Chinook Salmon in any river section while in possession of Chinook Salmon that match or exceed the bag or possession limits for that section.

Anglers must cease daily fishing for all Chinook Salmon (including jacks) once they have retained their daily bag limit or possession limit of adult Chinook Salmon or otherwise meet their daily bag limit or possession limit of adults and jacks, whichever comes first.

Releasing Fish

Any salmon that is landed but not reduced to possession must be released. Anglers should strive to minimize handling and stress on each fish caught and released.

Methods of Take



Barbless Hook Up to 3 points on one shank.



Single-Pointed Hook
One point on one shank

Barbless hook

- A It is unlawful to use any hook larger than 5/8 inch measured from the point of the hook to the shank.
- **B** Only barbless hooks may be used when fishing for salmon. Bending the barb(s) down to the shank of a single, double, or treble hook will meet this requirement.
- Bait is allowed on the South Fork Salmon, Upper Salmon, and Lochsa rivers when fishing for Chinook Salmon.

Harvest Rules



A In the Upper Salmon River and South Fork Salmon River only Chinook Salmon with a clipped adipose fin as evidenced by a healed scar may be harvested.



- B Chinook salmon with an unclipped adipose fin MUST be released in the South Fork Salmon River and Upper Salmon River. Clipped or unclipped Chinook Salmon may be harvested in the Lochsa River.
- No person shall have in the field or in transit a hatcheryproduced adult anadromous salmon that has been processed by removing the head and tail unless the following conditions are met:
 - 1. the fish has been recorded on the taker's salmon permit;
 - 2. the fish is processed and packaged with the skin naturally attached to the flesh including the portion with a healed, clipped, adipose fin scar (or adipose fin for fish harvested from the Lochsa River); and
 - 3. it must be packaged in a manner that the number of fish harvested can readily be determined. No person shall process salmon until they are ashore and done fishing for the day. No person shall transport processed salmon via boat. Jack salmon may not be processed while in the field or in transit. Any processed salmon count towards an angler's possession limit while in the field or in transit.
- All salmon that are hooked, landed and reduced to possession must be killed immediately after landing and shall be counted in the limits of the person hooking the fish.

Permit Validation

When an adult Chinook Salmon has been hooked, landed and reduced to possession, the angler hooking the fish must immediately:

- A Cut out and completely remove one numbered notch from the permit; and
- **B** Look up the location code number from the list below and write it in the space provided; and
- **©** Enter in the space provided, the month and day fish was kept.

Note:

- When a salmon is released unharmed, as in catch-andrelease fishing, the angler is not required to make an entry on the permit.
- Anglers may retain salmon less than 24 inches in length as part of their bag and possession limit but they are not required to record them on their permit.

For example, a salmon equal to or greater than 24 inches in length kept from the Upper Salmon River in the section from the mouth of the East Fork Salmon River to the posted boundary below Sawtooth weir on June 23 would be entered as:

7	FISH BIRD	MONTH	LOCATION CODE	MONTH	LOCATION CODE	FISH BIRD
1		6/23	19			21
	2					22
	3					23
	4					24
	\int					25

REMOVE NOTCH COMPLETELY!

RIVER LOCATION CODES

See Seasons section for full description of fishing boundaries.

South Fork Salmon River

Upper Salmon River

North Fork Salmon River to Lemhi River16
Lemhi River to Pahsimeroi River17
Pahsimeroi River to East Fork Salmon River18
East Fork Salmon River upstream to the posted boundary

approximately 100 yards downstream of the weir and trap at Sawtooth Hatchery south of Stanley......19

Lochsa River

Other Relevant Statutes & Rules

The following acts are unlawful by statute or commission rule. Consult Title 36, Idaho Code, or the 2022-2024 Idaho Fishing Seasons and Rules for exact wording and complete listing.

It Is Unlawful:

- To fish within the posted upstream or downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.
- To refuse to produce license or fish for inspection upon request by a conservation officer.
- To fail to stop and report at check stations established to inspect licenses and/or fish and game.
- To possess, transport or use as bait any live fish, leeches, frogs, salamanders, waterdogs, or shrimp, except that live crayfish may be used if caught on the body of water being fished.
- To catch any part of another person's bag limit, EXCEPT in the case of license-exempt persons fishing for salmon.
- To transport for another or accept as a gift any game fish, unless a statement signed by the taker accompanies the fish, showing the number and kinds, the date taken, the taker's name, address and fishing license number.
- To claim ownership to more wild game or fish taken within the state of Idaho than allowed by established possession limits.
- To ship any fish by commercial carrier unless the outside
 of the package is marked as to the number and kinds of
 fish and the package contains a written statement showing
 the taker's name, address and fishing license number.
- To use seines, dip nets, spears, snag hooks, or any other contrivances in taking any fish from the waters of the state EXCEPT as allowed by Commission regulation (Note: Tribal fisheries may use gear types other than those allowed in sport fisheries)..
- To waste game fish.
- To sell fish without a permit.

Snagging

It is unlawful to take or attempt to take salmon by snagging. Snagging shall mean the taking or attempting to take a fish by use of a hook or lure in any manner or method other than enticing or attracting a fish to strike with, and become hooked in its mouth. A salmon that has been hooked anywhere other than its mouth or jaw must be released.

Licenses, Permits and Requirements

Resident Salmon Permit	\$15.25
Resident Price Locked Salmon	\$12.75
Nonresident Salmon Permit (License required)	\$25.75

License Required for Salmon Permit

To purchase a salmon permit, residents and nonresidents must also buy a fishing license which requires the Access/ Depredation fee. To check prices for the appropriate licenses and fees, contact a license vendor or visit idfg.idaho.gov/buy

- Any person age 14 and older must have a valid Fishing License and Salmon Permit in possession to fish for salmon, except Free Fishing Day, June 11, 2022.
- Any person age 14 and older who does not qualify as a resident must purchase a Nonresident Season Fishing License and Salmon Permit, a Nonresident Junior Fishing License and Salmon Permit, or a 3-Day Salmon\Steelhead License to fish for salmon.
- To qualify for resident status, a person must be domiciled in the state for at least six months.
- Children (including nonresidents) under the age of 14
 may fish without a license and salmon permit provided
 they are accompanied by the holder of a valid permit
 and that any salmon 24 or more inches in length must
 be recorded on the permit holder's card and all salmon
 kept must be counted in the permit holder's legal bag,
 possession, and season limit.
- Resident children under the age of 14 may purchase their own salmon permit so that they may catch their own limit of salmon.
- Nonresident children under the age of 14 may purchase a Nonresident Junior Fishing License and a salmon permit so that they may catch their own limit of salmon.
- Children (including nonresidents) under the age of 14 may purchase a two pole permit.
- Consult the 2022-2024 Fishing Seasons and Rules for other regulations relating to fishing, license costs and other Department information.

Tribal fisheries also occur in Idaho. They are governed by Tribes and have different rules than Idaho sport fisheries. Please be respectful of these different fishing traditions.

IDFG adheres to all applicable state and federal laws and regulations related to discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, gender, or handicap. If you feel you have been discriminated against in any program, activity, or facility of IDFG, or if you desire further information, please write to: Idaho Department of Fish and Game, P.O. Box 25, Boise, ID 83707; or The Office of Human Resources, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, Washington, DC 20240.

Costs associated with this publication were provided from IDFG in accordance with section 60-202, Idaho Code.